

MA2108
Professor J. Wu

Midterm

25 September 2001

Time allowed: 1.5 hours

Tutorial Group:(circle one)

Tuesday 12-1

Thursday 12-1

Thursday 1-2

Friday 4-5

Tuesday 1-2

Friday 9-10

Friday 10-11

Friday 11-12

ID number: _____

Name: _____

Signature: _____

ANSWERS to #1 – 8:

1. A B C D E F

2. A B C D E F

3. A B C D E F

4. A B C D E F

5. A B

6. A B

7. A B C

8. A B C

Problem #	Your Grades
1 (8 points)	
2 (8 points)	
3 (8 points)	
4 (8 points)	
5 (8 points)	
6 (8 points)	
7 (8 points)	
8 (8 points)	
9 (18 points)	
10 (18 points)	
total (100 points)	

MA2108 Midterm**25 September****Name:** _____**1.** Determine limit of the sequence

$$\left\{ \ln \frac{2n+1}{5+2n} + \cos \frac{n^2\pi+1}{4n+2n^2+2} \right\}.$$

Answer:

(A). -1 (B). 0 (C). 1 . (D). $\ln 2$. (E). $+\infty$ (F). the limit does not exist.**2.** The limit of the sequence $\left\{ \left(1 - \frac{3}{n+1} \right)^{2n} \right\}$ is(A). 0 . (B). divergent. (C). e^{-1} . (D). e^2 . (E). e^{-3} . (F). e^{-6} .

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3. The limit of the sequence $\left\{ \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}(\sqrt{2+n} - \sqrt{n})} \right\}$ is

(A). -2.

(B). -1.

(C). 0.

(D). 1.

(E). 2.

(F). ∞ .

4. The limit of the sequence $\left\{ \frac{(n+2)! + n^3}{n^2(3^n + n!)} \right\}$ is

(A). 0.

(B). $+\infty$.

(C). 1.

(D). 2.

(E). 3.

(F). 6.

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Determine the absolute convergence, conditional convergence or divergence of the following series.

5. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2n-1}$.

Answer: (A). convergence.

(B). divergence.

6. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3^n + n^3}{4^n + n^4}$

Answer: (A) convergence.

(B). divergence.

$$7. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n} + 2}$$

Answer: (A). absolute convergence. (B). conditional convergence. (C). divergence.

$$8. \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n \sin n}{n(\ln n + 1)^2}$$

Answer: (A). absolute convergence. (B). conditional convergence. (C). divergence.

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9. (a) Let A and B be nonempty bounded sets of real numbers. Suppose that A is a subset of B . Show that $\sup A \leq \sup B$.

(b) Consider the sequence $\{a_n\}$ given by

$$a_1 = \sqrt{3}, \quad a_n = \sqrt{3a_{n-1}} \quad n = 2, 3, 4, \dots .$$

Show that $\{a_n\}$ converges, and find the limit.

10. (a) Let $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ be a series with $a_n \geq 0$. Suppose that $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ is convergent. Show that the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n^2$ is also convergent.

(b) Determine the domain of the function $f(x)$ defined by $f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n(2x - 1)^n$.