

1. ‘Classify’ the following differential equations, i.e., determine whether the following equations are homogeneous/non-homogeneous, linear/non-linear, 1st order/2nd order/ \dots , ordinary differential equations:

a) $t \frac{dy}{dt} + y \sin t = 0$;

b) $(1 + t^2) \frac{dy}{dt} + 2ty + 3 = 0$;

c) $\frac{dy}{dt} + \frac{d^3y}{dt^3} \frac{dy}{dt} = 3t$;

d) $4 \frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 5 \frac{dy}{dt} + 6y = e^t + \sin 2t$;

e) $u \frac{d^4u}{dt^4} + \left(\frac{du}{dt} \right)^2 = 0$.

2. Find the general solution of the following differential equations:

a) $\frac{dy}{dt} + y \sin t = 0$;

b) $(1 + t^2) \frac{dy}{dt} + ty = (1 + t^2)^{3/2}$

3. Solve the following initial/boundary value problems, and express your answers in the form “ $y=y(t)$ ”.

a) $\frac{dy}{dt} + 4ty = 2te^{2t^2}$, $y(1) = 5$.

b) $y \frac{dy}{dt} - 2ty^4 = 0$, $y(0) = \frac{1}{2}$.

4. Find the general solution of the following differential equations: $\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{y}{t} - \frac{y^3}{t^3}$.

5. Find the the general solution of the following differential equations:

a) $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} - 7 \frac{dy}{dt} + 10y = 0$;

b) $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 6 \frac{dy}{dt} + 9y = 0$;

c) $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 2 \frac{dy}{dt} + 3y = 0$.

6. Solve the following initial value problem:

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} - 3 \frac{dy}{dt} - 4y = 0; \quad y(0) = 4, \quad y'(0) = 0.$$

7. Use the method of undetermined coefficients to find a particular solution of the following differential equations:

$$y'' + 3y = 6t^3 - 6.$$

8. Find the general solution of the following differential equations:

- i) $y'' - 3y' + 2y = 3e^{2t} + e^{3t}$.
 ii) $y'' + 4y = \cos 2t$.

9. Solve the following initial value problem:

$$y'' + 4y' + 3y = 2e^{-3t}; \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y'(0) = 3.$$

10. A tank containing S_0 lb of salt dissolved in 200 gallons of water. Starting at time $t = 0$, water containing $\frac{1}{2}$ lb of salt per gallon enters the tank at rate of 4 gal/min, and well stirred solution leaves the tank at the same rate. Find the concentration of salt in the tank at any time $t > 0$.

Some suggested answers:

- 1 a) homogeneous linear 1st order ODE
 1 b) non-homogeneous linear 1st ODE
 1 c) non-homogeneous non-linear 3rd order ODE
 1 d) non-homogeneous linear 2nd order ODE
 1 e) homogeneous non-linear 4-th order ODE.

2 a) $y = Ce^{\cos t}$

2 b) $y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+t^2}} \left(t + \frac{t^3}{3} + C \right)$

3 a) $y = e^{-2t^2} (t^2 + 5e^2 - 1)$

3 b) $y = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{8 - 3\ln(1+t^2)}}$

4 $y = \frac{t}{\sqrt{2(\ln|t| + C)}}$

5 a) $y(t) = Ae^{2t} + Be^{5t}$

5 b) $y(t) = (At + B)e^{-3t}$

5 c) $y(t) = Ae^{-t} \cos \sqrt{2}t + Be^{-t} \sin \sqrt{2}t$

6. $y(t) = \frac{4}{5}e^{4t} + \frac{16}{5}e^{-t}$

7. $y_p(t) = 2t^3 - 4t - 2$

8 a) $y(t) = Ae^t + Be^{2t} + 3te^{2t} + \frac{1}{2}e^{3t}$

8 b) $y(t) = A \cos 2t + B \sin 2t + \frac{1}{4} \sin 2t$

9. $y(t) = 2e^{-t} - 2e^{-3t} - te^{-3t}$

10. the concentration $c(t)$ of salt in the tank is given by

$$c(t) = \frac{S_0}{200}e^{-0.02t} + \frac{1}{2}(1 - e^{-0.02t}).$$